

CHINOOK PHARMACY

Fresh Eggs

all the year round

25c worth of

Water Glass

will preserve 10 dozen eggs

We have it

Try it now eggs are cheap

CHINOOK PHARMACY
ARM'S BLOCK, CHINOOK

LADIES!

We have just received another shipment of

Ladies' Fine Waists, Sport Hats
and Motor Caps

We are showing a very fine range of

DRESS GINGHAMS

50 different patterns to choose from

20 cents per yard

Call and see them

H. C. Briginshaw

The Store with the Goods

Lost

Seven head Small Yearling Colts
2 Black Fillies 1 Pinto Filly
1 Light Bay Horse 1 Iron Grey Filly
1 Light Clyde Colored Horse
1 Brown, white legs, Filly
\$5.00 reward for information leading to recovery.

CHAS. C. WILSON,
Sedalia, Alta.

Pound Notice

Notice is hereby given under Sec. 210 of the Rural Municipality Act, that
One Brown Mare, with HB on left jaw, right front foot with about two inches of white, about two inches of white around top of hoof, small white star in forehead, foretop was clipped some time ago, weight about 900 lbs. was impounded in a pound kept by the undersigned, s. 29-29-7-11 of 4, on the 11th day of May, 1918
WESLEY SOLE, Poundkeeper
Pound No. 2

Breezelets

"Russia may realize after a while what it means to make peace with a wolf, while the wolf is free to do what he wishes.

Worth repeating: The slacker is now being dubbed a "squash pie" because he is yellow all through and has not enough crust to "go over the top."

Germany is still making friendly requests from Russia with which peace has been declared, such as giving up the Black Sea fleet, and other little matters of the kind. What is a country's fleet between friends?

Among the Winnipeg sympathetic strikers who "walked out" last week, were the movie men.

The move of the "movies" was the last straw on the camel's back for the poor over-worked citizens of Winnipeg.

Last week end the British government suddenly dropped a bomb among the Irish Sinn Feiners—500 prisoners were captured.

British raiding parties give the enemy in the Arras sector a warm time.

Kind of Arras-ing the enemy considerable like.

"Lenine doesn't trust promises of the Germans."

Lenine is finding out the value of the Germans "scraps of paper"

British Columbia fruit will be more expensive this season, according to reports from Kelowna.

Anyway, with most of us it will be a case of "sour grapes," particularly considering the price of sugar, too.

Members of the American labor mission to Britain are charged by Sinn Feiners with being unfair to the Sinn Fein cause.

But what about the fairness of the Sinn Feiners to the Allies, including America—the goose that has been laying the golden eggs for Ireland's cause?

Swat the skeeter, or the skeeter 'll swat you.

R. M. of Golden Centre No. 272

The 4th meeting of the above council was held at L. C. Michael's Wednesday, May 1st.

All members present, except Councillor Fulton.

Minutes read and adopted
Correspondence read and disposed of.

Dept of Public Works was requested to survey roadway on n. h. 28-29-5, subject to confirmation of location of school site.

Councillor Gardiner was instructed to measure diversion n. 16-30-5.

By-law 16, relating to Seed Grain Loans, was read three times and adopted.

Following accounts were paid:
J. I. Kelly, fees re Joyce case 7.00
C. Bain, repairs to bridge 3.50
Oyen hospital grant 125.00
Beaver Lumber Co. 5.45
Road work in 30-4 35.45

The following loans were made:
Wm. Schofield, seed grain 50.00
E. B. Fulton 200.00

N. E. Woods 130.00
N. E. Woods 197.50
J. E. Symes 60.00
R. C. McMurray 112.50
Delbert Baxter 78.00
Chas. McMurray 52.00
A. C. Stillwell 39.00
F. M. Hopkins 32.25
Fanny Adams 138.00
E. A. Braman 195.00

Secretary was instructed to inquire if Act is enacted empowering to make loans for feed.

L. H. Wiley was instructed to remove rocks from road allowance, 31-30-4.

Wages for road work were fixed as follows: \$4.00 per day for men; 7.00 for man and team; 10.00 for man and four horses; 5.50 for road foreman, without team, and 3.00 extra when team is used full time, said wages to be paid in cash.

It was decided to expend \$1000 in ward for road work, less any over expenditure in 1917.

Secretary was instructed to purchase 6 fresas, 3 John Deere grading plows, 6 plow shares, and two dozen scraper handles.

The following poundkeepers were appointed for 1918: John Jarmin, John Thompson, John Dahl, S. A. Walper and T. Middleton.

A weed inspector for each range will be appointed next meeting at a wage of \$6.00 per day and furnish own conveyance.

The following levies were fixed:

Wenger Heights School Dist 280.00
Sedalia 524.00
New Bridgen 512.00
Lovevale 150.00
Fairacres 1325.00
Wildflower 1150.00
Cop Hill 1400.00
McConnell 1000.00
Lawndale 1145.00
Craig Murray 889.00
Neco 38.00
Riddellvale 1250.00
Longdale 1190.00

An advance of \$100.00 was made Wenger Heights S.D.

Adjourned to meet June 5.

Ralph Greene, Sec.-Treas.



Plan and Prepare Plenty of Protection for the Crops You have Seeded



The whole country has put in a Tremendous Acreage

We believe that nature will be good to us in this year of our need.

The thing to do now is to prepare to take proper care of the grain when it's harvested and threshed.

Every Farm needs a good Big Granary this year

and it isn't going to be safe to delay building it. Even if you plan it at once and get the material, you may not be able to get it up any too soon.

If you wait until June and July, material and labor may both be scarce and you may suffer grain damage as a result.

Granary planing and building should be started at once. We are ready to help you.

J. B. MACLEAN, Manager, Chinook
FLETCHER LUMBER CO., Limited

The Independent People

We are not satisfied unless you are

Red Cross Donations

There are Others

The following is a list of the subscribers to the Red Cross fund for the month of May:

R. W. Hamon 1.00
Arnold Thiessen 1.00
A. Wilson 1.00
R. R. Dunn 1.00
Robt Vennard 1.00
Mr & Mrs Deman 5.00
Mr Keene 5.00
Mrs E. Brownell 75
Harris 50
Nicholson 2.00
Peck 2.00
Oxley 2.00
Isbister 1.00
Proctor 2.00
Foster 2.00
George 1.50
D. McKenzie 1.00
Rideout 5.00
Black 2.00
Crockett 2.00
Vincent 1.00
Carpenter 1.00
J. Deman 1.00
Hewitt 1.00
Dell 1.00
Chapman 1.00
Nelson 1.00
B. Dobson 1.00
J. S. Smith 1.00
J. N. Key 1.00
Geo. Elliott 2.00
F. McKenzie 1.00
Stephenson 1.00
Miss H. Good 50
M. Good 50
H. C. Briginshaw 5.00
F. L. Boyer 2.00
C. Tooth 2.00
E. A. Carpenter 2.00
W. Milligan 1.00
W. Whitlock 2.00
J. R. Miller 5.00
A. G. Smith 2.00
M. J. Lake 2.00
Mr Maclean 1.00
R. S. Woodruff 2.00
W. Farquharson 2.00
W. Haszard 1.00
J. L. Carter 2.00
W. M. Crockett 4.00

"Hanna should recognize the fact that the nuisance ground, north of town, is living up to its name in every respect. Those who have to pass by this dump on their way to Hanna, and those who reside in that neighborhood claim that the stench from dead animals and other refuse is almost unbearable—Hanna Herald. Chinook is 'not the only pebble on the beach' in this respect, it seems.

Mrs. R. W. Love, recently of Saskatoon, died at her home in Victoria this morning. Mrs. Love was 27 years old. She was born near Owen Sound, Ont., and came to Saskatoon ten years ago. Eight years ago she married R. W. Love of the Love-Campbell drug store.—Saskatoon Star.

The deceased was a sister of Messrs. Richard, Ed., N. D. and D. J. Stewart.

M. Richardson 1.00
J. McLeod 1.00
Mr Pollock 1.00
Alex Johnson 1.00
Lee You 50
C. R. Brownell 2.00
H. C. Gibson 1.00
H. Meade 2.00
B. Boyer 1.00
Leroy Arms 1.00
A. H. Peck 2.00
Mr Cruickshanks 2.00
P. R. Dobson 2.00
W. Lee 1.00
Chas. McLeod 1.00
Mr Grant 1.00
G. T. Oxley 2.00
M. E. Bird 2.00
Mr Roberts 1.00
Mr and Mrs Yake 2.00


\$118.00

GILLETT'S LYE

HAS NO EQUAL

It not only softens the water but doubles the cleaning power of soap, and makes everything sanitary and wholesome.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES



Our Smallest Railway

Stretches From End to End of an Island in the Athabasca River

So much is heard, in these days, of the "biggest railroad in the world," the "biggest pier," the "biggest aeroplane," the "greatest business undertaking," that it is a relief to learn that there is actually a railroad that boasts of being the smallest in the world and is entirely satisfied with its lot. This is the Grand Island Railway, which stretches from end to end of an island in the Athabasca river, in Northern Canada. The entire length of track is a quarter of a mile, and the rolling stock comprises two well-worn lorries. Merchandise is brought to the island in boats or scows, transferred to the railroad, and shipped again by water at the other end. The man who owns this railroad is annoyed by few strikes, since he has few employees; customers must load the cars themselves and propel them by hand power across the island. Certainly this is "the simple life" with a vengeance, but the owner says that the enterprise returns thousands of dollars a year, and he leaps into the fashionable superlatives by claiming that it is not only the smallest but the most profitable railroad in the world.—*Christian Science Monitor.*

Catarh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Cure was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Cure is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for information, in English or French, to F. A. CHENEY & CO., Prop., Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure for constipation.

The Privileged Pretty

"Do plain girls or pretty girls do better in business?" It's about a toss-up. The plain girls don't make so many mistakes, but there are few exceptions about the blunders the pretty girls make.—*Boston Transcript.*



Back Ache!

NATURE gives warning of approaching disaster, and backache tells you that the kidneys are deranged.

As soon as the kidneys fail poisons are left in the blood, which cause aches and pains, rheumatism and lumbago.

The digestive system is interfered with, and there is gradual loss of flesh and harshness and dryness of the skin. There is often headache and dropsical swelling of the limbs.

The most effective treatment is that which awakens the action of the liver and bowels, as well as the kidneys, for these organs work together in removing the poisonous impurities from the system.

This is the reason why Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are so successful in the treatment of diseases of the kidneys. This is why they frequently cure when ordinary kidney medicines fail.

Just put this medicine to the test when you have backache, headache and other indications that these filtering and eliminating organs are sluggish in action, and see how quickly they will respond.

Prevention is always the wiser course. For this reason it is well to keep Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills at hand, and by regulating these organs forestall serious disease.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations only disappoint.

A "Republic of Soviets"

No Basis for an Equitable Government in Such a Human Drift

Russia is now a "republic of soviets," not like the United States, a republic of people. Soviets are the councils, and the councils in this case are miscellaneous groups of soldiers and workmen. It is in the supposed interest and at the instigation of these councils that the constitutional assembly, elected by universal suffrage, has been turned out of doors. Hereafter, the government will nominally devolve on the representatives of these soviets, sitting in congress of their own.

According to reliable reports from the foreign correspondents now in Russia, the soviets are composed of about nine former soldiers—that is, deserters from the army—to one civilian workman. They represent merely the drift of army runaway who have got as far as Petrograd, Moscow or other centres. There is certainly no basis for an equitable government in such a human drift. Messrs. Lenin and Trotsky would appear merely to have taken advantage of it to establish their personal power for a time.

There is no groundwork for national construction in the such an assembly as this congress of soviets, which deliberately turns aside from its only meaningful task, the enforcement of the whole nation.—*Boston Transcript.*

The Shortest Railroad

You have heard of the shortest railroad before. Always they're the most abbreviated ever. But off-hand one would grant the prize to Minneapolis, Mont. It has a railroad only one hundred feet long. It connects the Northern Pacific with the C. M. & St. P., and is used as a transfer. It has no equipment, no employees, and no stations, yet the company that owns it gets fifty cents for every car that passes over its rails. Sixteen thousand have done so thus far. Think of it!

Why Not?

The Kaiser is to assume, among others, the titles Grand Duke of Courland, Grand Duke of Lithuania and the Prince of Esthonia and Livonia and Great Protector of Finland. Why not Grand Ravisher of Belgium.—*New York Evening Sun.*

Soft corns are difficult to eradicate, but Holloway's Corn Cure will draw them out painlessly.

Canada and the U. S.

Americans in general know too little about Canada. Canadians, on the other hand, know a lot about the United States. Canadian school courses give adequate courses on the geography, the history and the resources of this country, while our content ourselves with a hasty survey of our neighbor. As partners in this great war enterprise, Canada and the United States have reached a unity of purpose which cements the friendship of the two countries in new bonds. We ought to get acquainted and keep acquainted in the years to come.—*Detroit News.*

Grow potatoes and vegetables in every vacant city lot and feed pigs on kitchen refuse—these are two necessary, and these are two simple, means of doing something to help the present food crisis.

Thousands for Farms

Thousands of men are needed immediately to help on the farm this summer. The increased acreage of cereals is an imperative war time necessity. If our good men desire to help the war effort, they should go back to the farm.

Had ship's anchor fall on my knee and leg, and knee swelled up for six days I could not move it or get help. I then started to use MINARD'S LINIMENT and two bottles cured me.

PROSPER FERGUSON.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an all-year-round tonic, blood-builder and nerve restorer. But they are especially valuable in the spring when the system is loaded with impurities as a result of the indoor life of the "winter" months. There is no other season of the year when the blood is so much in need of purifying and enriching, and every dose of these pills helps to make new, red blood. In the spring one feels weak and tired—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give new strength. In the spring the appetite is often poor—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills develop the appetite, tone the stomach and aid weak digestion. It is in the spring that poisons in the blood find an outlet in disfiguring pimples, eruptions and boils—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills speedily clear the skin because they go to the root of the trouble in the blood. In the spring anæmia, rheumatism, neuralgia, erysipelas and other skin diseases are most persistent because of poor weak blood, and it is at this time, when all natural vitality is at a low ebb, that the blood most seriously needs attention. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually renew and enrich the blood, and this new blood reaches every organ and every nerve in the body, bringing new health and new strength to weak, easily tired men, women and children—Here is a bit of proof: Miss Anna Patterson, R. D. No. 1, Woodville, Ont., says: "My trouble was one of general weakness, which thinned my blood and gave me at times unbearable headaches, loss of appetite and also loss in weight. I tried several medicines, but without success. Then I heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and decided to give them a fair trial. The result is that I feel like a new person. My appetite improved, I gained in weight, my blood is thoroughly purified, and my face cleared of those unsightly pimples which had been so distressing. If our good men desire another then I have much pleasure in recommending Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

If you need a medicine this spring try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—they will not disappoint you. These pills are sold by all medicine dealers, or you can get them by mail at 50c a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Capt. Nobbs' Wasted Night
Blind Soldier Who Had Difficulties With the Typewriter

In a letter to a friend in this country, Captain Nobbs, who was blinded and captured in the battle of the Somme, explains how his book "On the Right of the Fighting Line," came into being: "My wife typed half of it and I typed half myself, and as trying to me like doing the one finger exercise on the piano, it was rather a laborious job, and was often to carry me into the early hours of the morning, as, of course, I would not start until after I arrived home from the office. I remember on one occasion staying up until 1:30 in the morning to type the chapter called 'Dead Valley.' It took me quite three hours to type these pages. I sat alone in the dark because everyone else had gone to bed and under such circumstances I prefer being in the dark otherwise I might forget to turn out the lights when I had finished and also incidentally because it is a waste of money to burn electricity simply on my account (so you see there are advantages and economies in being blind). The next morning I asked a friend to read over to me the pages which I had typed and was told the pages were blank—the ribbon had evidently been misplaced.—*Boston Transcript.*

Small Pill Small Dose Small Price



FOR CONSTIPATION

have six or the test of time. Fully vegetable. Wonderful quick to banish biliousness, headache, indigestion and to clear up a bad complexion.

Consult your signature

PALE FACES

Generally indicate a lack of iron in the blood. Carter's Iron Pills Will help this condition

Like Jonah

A party of tourists were discussing the Darwinian theory, and one of them, turning to the guide, said: "And what, my friend, do you think of the matter?"

"Well, sir," said the guide, "you gentlemen may all have come from apes. It's not for me to contradict you. But as for me, I can say that my folks came from Wales."

SPRING IMPURITIES CLOG THE BLOOD

A Tonic Medicine Is a Necessity at This Season

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an all-year-round tonic, blood-builder and nerve restorer. But they are especially valuable in the spring when the system is loaded with impurities as a result of the indoor life of the "winter" months. There is no other season of the year when the blood is so much in need of purifying and enriching, and every dose of these pills helps to make new, red blood. In the spring one feels weak and tired—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give new strength. In the spring the appetite is often poor—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills develop the appetite, tone the stomach and aid weak digestion. It is in the spring that poisons in the blood find an outlet in disfiguring pimples, eruptions and boils—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills speedily clear the skin because they go to the root of the trouble in the blood. In the spring anæmia, rheumatism, neuralgia, erysipelas and other skin diseases are most persistent because of poor weak blood, and it is at this time, when all natural vitality is at a low ebb, that the blood most seriously needs attention. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually renew and enrich the blood, and this new blood reaches every organ and every nerve in the body, bringing new health and new strength to weak, easily tired men, women and children—Here is a bit of proof: Miss Anna Patterson, R. D. No. 1, Woodville, Ont., says: "My trouble was one of general weakness, which thinned my blood and gave me at times unbearable headaches, loss of appetite and also loss in weight. I tried several medicines, but without success. Then I heard of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and decided to give them a fair trial. The result is that I feel like a new person. My appetite improved, I gained in weight, my blood is thoroughly purified, and my face cleared of those unsightly pimples which had been so distressing. If our good men desire another then I have much pleasure in recommending Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

If you need a medicine this spring try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—they will not disappoint you. These pills are sold by all medicine dealers, or you can get them by mail at 50c a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Capt. Nobbs' Wasted Night
Blind Soldier Who Had Difficulties With the Typewriter

In a letter to a friend in this country, Captain Nobbs, who was blinded and captured in the battle of the Somme, explains how his book "On the Right of the Fighting Line," came into being: "My wife typed half of it and I typed half myself, and as trying to me like doing the one finger exercise on the piano, it was rather a laborious job, and was often to carry me into the early hours of the morning, as, of course, I would not start until after I arrived home from the office. I remember on one occasion staying up until 1:30 in the morning to type the chapter called 'Dead Valley.' It took me quite three hours to type these pages. I sat alone in the dark because everyone else had gone to bed and under such circumstances I prefer being in the dark otherwise I might forget to turn out the lights when I had finished and also incidentally because it is a waste of money to burn electricity simply on my account (so you see there are advantages and economies in being blind). The next morning I asked a friend to read over to me the pages which I had typed and was told the pages were blank—the ribbon had evidently been misplaced.—*Boston Transcript.*

Capt. Nobbs' Wasted Night
Blind Soldier Who Had Difficulties With the Typewriter

In a letter to a friend in this country, Captain Nobbs, who was blinded and captured in the battle of the Somme, explains how his book "On the Right of the Fighting Line," came into being: "My wife typed half of it and I typed half myself, and as trying to me like doing the one finger exercise on the piano, it was rather a laborious job, and was often to carry me into the early hours of the morning, as, of course, I would not start until after I arrived home from the office. I remember on one occasion staying up until 1:30 in the morning to type the chapter called 'Dead Valley.' It took me quite three hours to type these pages. I sat alone in the dark because everyone else had gone to bed and under such circumstances I prefer being in the dark otherwise I might forget to turn out the lights when I had finished and also incidentally because it is a waste of money to burn electricity simply on my account (so you see there are advantages and economies in being blind). The next morning I asked a friend to read over to me the pages which I had typed and was told the pages were blank—the ribbon had evidently been misplaced.—*Boston Transcript.*

Capt. Nobbs' Wasted Night
Blind Soldier Who Had Difficulties With the Typewriter

In a letter to a friend in this country, Captain Nobbs, who was blinded and captured in the battle of the Somme, explains how his book "On the Right of the Fighting Line," came into being: "My wife typed half of it and I typed half myself, and as trying to me like doing the one finger exercise on the piano, it was rather a laborious job, and was often to carry me into the early hours of the morning, as, of course, I would not start until after I arrived home from the office. I remember on one occasion staying up until 1:30 in the morning to type the chapter called 'Dead Valley.' It took me quite three hours to type these pages. I sat alone in the dark because everyone else had gone to bed and under such circumstances I prefer being in the dark otherwise I might forget to turn out the lights when I had finished and also incidentally because it is a waste of money to burn electricity simply on my account (so you see there are advantages and economies in being blind). The next morning I asked a friend to read over to me the pages which I had typed and was told the pages were blank—the ribbon had evidently been misplaced.—*Boston Transcript.*

Capt. Nobbs' Wasted Night
Blind Soldier Who Had Difficulties With the Typewriter

In a letter to a friend in this country, Captain Nobbs, who was blinded and captured in the battle of the Somme, explains how his book "On the Right of the Fighting Line," came into being: "My wife typed half of it and I typed half myself, and as trying to me like doing the one finger exercise on the piano, it was rather a laborious job, and was often to carry me into the early hours of the morning, as, of course, I would not start until after I arrived home from the office. I remember on one occasion staying up until 1:30 in the morning to type the chapter called 'Dead Valley.' It took me quite three hours to type these pages. I sat alone in the dark because everyone else had gone to bed and under such circumstances I prefer being in the dark otherwise I might forget to turn out the lights when I had finished and also incidentally because it is a waste of money to burn electricity simply on my account (so you see there are advantages and economies in being blind). The next morning I asked a friend to read over to me the pages which I had typed and was told the pages were blank—the ribbon had evidently been misplaced.—*Boston Transcript.*

Capt. Nobbs' Wasted Night
Blind Soldier Who Had Difficulties With the Typewriter

In a letter to a friend in this country, Captain Nobbs, who was blinded and captured in the battle of the Somme, explains how his book "On the Right of the Fighting Line," came into being: "My wife typed half of it and I typed half myself, and as trying to me like doing the one finger exercise on the piano, it was rather a laborious job, and was often to carry me into the early hours of the morning, as, of course, I would not start until after I arrived home from the office. I remember on one occasion staying up until 1:30 in the morning to type the chapter called 'Dead Valley.' It took me quite three hours to type these pages. I sat alone in the dark because everyone else had gone to bed and under such circumstances I prefer being in the dark otherwise I might forget to turn out the lights when I had finished and also incidentally because it is a waste of money to burn electricity simply on my account (so you see there are advantages and economies in being blind). The next morning I asked a friend to read over to me the pages which I had typed and was told the pages were blank—the ribbon had evidently been misplaced.—*Boston Transcript.*

Capt. Nobbs' Wasted Night
Blind Soldier Who Had Difficulties With the Typewriter

In a letter to a friend in this country, Captain Nobbs, who was blinded and captured in the battle of the Somme, explains how his book "On the Right of the Fighting Line," came into being: "My wife typed half of it and I typed half myself, and as trying to me like doing the one finger exercise on the piano, it was rather a laborious job, and was often to carry me into the early hours of the morning, as, of course, I would not start until after I arrived home from the office. I remember on one occasion staying up until 1:30 in the morning to type the chapter called 'Dead Valley.' It took me quite three hours to type these pages. I sat alone in the dark because everyone else had gone to bed and under such circumstances I prefer being in the dark otherwise I might forget to turn out the lights when I had finished and also incidentally because it is a waste of money to burn electricity simply on my account (so you see there are advantages and economies in being blind). The next morning I asked a friend to read over to me the pages which I had typed and was told the pages were blank—the ribbon had evidently been misplaced.—*Boston Transcript.*

Capt. Nobbs' Wasted Night
Blind Soldier Who Had Difficulties With the Typewriter

In a letter to a friend in this country, Captain Nobbs, who was blinded and captured in the battle of the Somme, explains how his book "On the Right of the Fighting Line," came into being: "My wife typed half of it and I typed half myself, and as trying to me like doing the one finger exercise on the piano, it was rather a laborious job, and was often to carry me into the early hours of the morning, as, of course, I would not start until after I arrived home from the office. I remember on one occasion staying up until 1:30 in the morning to type the chapter called 'Dead Valley.' It took me quite three hours to type these pages. I sat alone in the dark because everyone else had gone to bed and under such circumstances I prefer being in the dark otherwise I might forget to turn out the lights when I had finished and also incidentally because it is a waste of money to burn electricity simply on my account (so you see there are advantages and economies in being blind). The next morning I asked a friend to read over to me the pages which I had typed and was told the pages were blank—the ribbon had evidently been misplaced.—*Boston Transcript.*

Capt. Nobbs' Wasted Night
Blind Soldier Who Had Difficulties With the Typewriter

In a letter to a friend in this country, Captain Nobbs, who was blinded and captured in the battle of the Somme, explains how his book "On the Right of the Fighting Line," came into being: "My wife typed half of it and I typed half myself, and as trying to me like doing the one finger exercise on the piano, it was rather a laborious job, and was often to carry me into the early hours of the morning, as, of course, I would not start until after I arrived home from the office. I remember on one occasion staying up until 1:30 in the morning to type the chapter called 'Dead Valley.' It took me quite three hours to type these pages. I sat alone in the dark because everyone else had gone to bed and under such circumstances I prefer being in the dark otherwise I might forget to turn out the lights when I had finished and also incidentally because it is a waste of money to burn electricity simply on my account (so you see there are advantages and economies in being blind). The next morning I asked a friend to read over to me the pages which I had typed and was told the pages were blank—the ribbon had evidently been misplaced.—*Boston Transcript.*

Capt. Nobbs' Wasted Night
Blind Soldier Who Had Difficulties With the Typewriter

Bad Year Ahead

In Forest Fires

Rangers Ask Public to Help Them Keep Fire Out of the Woods

The danger season for forest fires is near at hand. Rapidly drying soil has left the old grass, brush, leaves, etc., in most perilous condition for starting fires.

An effort is being made by the fire rangers in this province to keep down the forest fires this year to a minimum. They will succeed only if every camper, carefully extinguishes his campfire before leaving it, if every smoker refrains from tossing away burnt matches or tobacco in or near a wood, and if settlers in the newly opened districts guard their land clearing fires with the utmost care. Settlers' fires continue to be the very worst source of forest conflagration, although campers and careless smokers are close competitors.

"The fire rangers," says the Canadian Press, "ask every citizen to guard every good citizen to regard himself as a deputy ranger from now until November 1st."

"A Canadian forest was never worth so much as today, never gave so many jobs as now, never had so much circulation as it does this year."

CURE COWS' CAKED BAGS

With EGYPTIAN LINIMENT

Is Sold by all Dealers in Drugs, Douglas & Company, Napawa, Ont.

Cost of Living in Sweden

There Are Places With Higher Prices Than They are Here

Sweden before the war used to import about 5,000,000 tons of coal and coke per year. This supply, of course, has stopped. One result is that coal in Sweden now sells at \$100 a ton, and is difficult to obtain. In Denmark, also, the coal shortage is acute. In Copenhagen's finest department store clerks wear big straw slippers and woolen blankets because there is not coal enough to keep the place properly heated. Automobile tires are scarce in Denmark and consequently have skyrocketed in price. A single tire sold for \$40 here last October. Tea in Sweden is \$3 a pound. Coffee is practically unobtainable. Woolen goods are increased in price 200 per cent, in price since the beginning of the year. Chocolate sells for \$3 a pound; ham for 75 cents a pound. Kerosene is difficult to obtain, and the price of it is prohibitive—last October it was \$2 a gallon.

The length of the midwinter day in Sweden is approximately four hours, and it is therefore, an essential. Kerosene is practically unobtainable, so the people have to depend largely upon candles. In August, 1914, candles were 15 cents a pound; in January, 1917, 34 cents a pound; and last October, 58 cents a pound.

The scarcity and consequent abnormal prices of motorizing necessities—tires and gasoline, for example—have necessarily affected the pleasure cars. Recently there were only seventeen taxi cabs operating in Stockholm.

In the spring of 1916 ordinary low-grade walking shoes in Sweden had increased in price to \$11 a pair. They are now \$25 a pair.

The use of Miller's Worm Powders insures healthy children so far as the ailments attributable to worms are concerned. A high mortality among children is traceable to worms. These sap the strength of infants so that they are unable to maintain a battle for life and are liable to weakness. This preparation gives promise of health and keeps it.

City Labor
The Montreal builders' exchange and the Winnipeg builders' exchange are encouraging their men to take jobs on farms. They have offered to take contracts for the cultivation of large areas of land or the breaking of prairie.

Minard's Liniment Used by Physicians
To Guard Against Disagreeable Odors and Tastes

Warm milk at the time it is drawn from the cow readily absorbs from the air of the stable certain substances which impart to the milk disagreeable odors and tastes. When milk is allowed to stand in a poorly ventilated stable, the milk acquires a characteristic odor and taste of uric acid, such as butts, ensilage and turnips may be imparted to milk in the same manner. This may lead one to believe that the trouble is due to food which has been eaten, and that the milk should be discarded. However, it is not the milk through the udder.

Ordinarily the condition can be corrected by the prompt removal of the milk as soon as drawn from each respective animal and placing it in the milk house where facilities for the proper and immediate cooling are available.

Garbage as Hog Feed
Saskatoon, Sask., feeds 500 to 800 hogs on garbage, mixed with a small amount of grain. In the city of Worcester, Mass., feeds 3,000 hogs on garbage. Springfield, Mass., feeds 850 to 1,000 hogs on garbage. In the Grand Rapids, Mich., feeds 300 cattle, 400 sheep and 700 pigs on garbage and a certain amount of hay.

The Spirit That Wins
That was a noble, a self-sacrificing spirit evidenced by General Pershing, commanding the American forces in France, when he told the allies: "All that we have are yours to do with as you wish." That is the spirit that wins—Kilgus Whips.

No Need to Rub

Try Sloan's Liniment, and see how quickly the swelling is removed and the pain disappears. No need to rub; it penetrates through the skin and reaches the seat of the trouble. Have a bottle handy for rheumatic pains, neuralgia, backache, sprains, aches and all muscle soreness.

Generous sized bottles at your druggist.



Sloan's Liniment

Sloan's prices not increased 25c 50c a year.

Unwholesome Foodstuffs

Their Destruction Provided for in Bill to Be Introduced

The confiscation and destruction of unsound or unwholesome foodstuffs found in packing houses, or cold storage warehouses is provided for in a resolution of which notice has been given by Hon. T. A. Cramer, minister of agriculture, on which bill will be based. The resolution provides that, although packing houses or other premises where foodstuffs are kept, shall be brought under the provisions of the meat and food inspection act, it provides also for inspection and marking of foodstuffs imported or exported.

"I Believe They Have Cured Me"

WHAT NEWTON P. SMITH SAYS OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

NEU-NEURALS

He Had Previously Tried Doctor's Medicine, Plasters and Liniments for His Sore Back, Without Getting Permanent Results

Perley's Ridge, York Co., N. B. (Special).—After suffering for years from pain in the back, Newton P. Smith, a highly-respected citizen of this place, believes that at last he has found a permanent cure through the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills. Ask-rewriting them for publication.

"I suffered for a number of years with pain in my back. At times it was unbearable. After taking doctor's medicine and liniments with but temporary results, I decided to try Dodd's Kidney Pills, which I believe have cured me."

All through York County you find people who give credit to Dodd's Kidney Pills for a renewed lease of health. They have been tried for all forms of kidney diseases, including rheumatism, dropsy, Bright's disease, lumbago, heart disease and diabetes, as well as the milder forms of kidney trouble. Their popularity all over the country is a tribute to the splendid results obtained.

Never use them, ask your neighbors about them.

Mrs. Klawer—Then you and young Mr. Sharp are on speaking terms any more?

Mrs. Blunderby—No, indeed. The last time I saw Mr. Sharp, my husband had locomotive ataxia and the young whippersnapper had the impudence to ask if he whistled at crossings.

The British are carving a slice off Turkey in Asia with almost daily regularity.

HOW TO AVOID BACKACHE AND NERVOUSNESS

Told by Mrs. Lynch From Own Experience.

Providence, R. I.—"I was all run down in health, was nervous, had backache, my head ached, my nerves were all out of order. I was tired and had no ambition for anything. I had taken a number of medicines which did me no good. One day I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for women, so I tried it. My nervousness and backache and headache disappeared. I gained in weight and feel fine, and am now enjoying life. I am now suffering all was cured. Mrs. A. C. Lynch, 100 West 1st St., Providence, R. I."

Backache and nervousness are symptoms of nature's warning, which indicate a functional disturbance or an unhealthy condition which often develops into a more serious ailment. Women in this condition should not continue to drag along without help, but profit by Mrs. Lynch's experience, and try the famous Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is sold by all druggists, and for special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

W. N. U. 1207

Old Folks' Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis Quickly Cured

This Tells of a Method That Cures Without Using Drugs

Elderly people take cold easily. Unlike young folks, they recover slowly. That is why so many people put middle life die of pneumonia.

Cough Syrups seldom do much good because they upset digestion. Any doctor knows that a much more effective remedy is "CATARRHOZONE," which heals the coughs and the irritation of the throat.

In using Catarrhozone you do not take medicine into the stomach—you simply breathe into the throat, nose and lungs rich, piney balsamic vapor, so full of healing power that colds, catarrh and bronchitis disappear almost instantly.

The germ-killing balsamic vapor mixes with the breath, descends through the throat, into the bronchial tubes, and finally reaches the deepest air cells in the lungs. All parts are soothed with rich, pure, medicinal essence, and a new syrup of the affected parts could not be reached and harm would result through numbing the stomach with drugs.

A Catarrhozone Inhaler in your pocket or purse enables you to take a cold with the first sneeze. Large size costs \$1.00, and supplies treatment for two months, small size, 50¢; trial size, 25¢, all storekeepers and druggists, or The Catarrhozone Co., Kingston, Canada.

Carmen's Messenger

— BY —

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

"Ah! he said, 'You have heard from Lawrence.'"

"No, but the letter to him," Featherstone replied, and sitting down opposite, was silent for a few moments. His pose was slack and he looked as if he had got a shock.

"I don't see how you can help, but perhaps you had better know how matters are," he resumed and gave the letter to Foster.

It was short, but Foster, who was surprised and disturbed, understood its heart's alarm. Daly had written from Hexham, asking, or rather summoning, Featherstone to meet him there next day, although he stated that if this was impossible, he would arrive at the Garth in the evening. There was a threat in the intimation that it would be to his advantage if Featherstone saw him soon.

"Well," said Foster dryly, "it looks as if our plot had succeeded better than we thought. We certainly didn't expect the fellow would follow us to England."

Featherstone did not seem to understand, and Foster remembered that with the object of saving him anxiety, he had said nothing about Daly's having extorted money from Lawrence in Canada. He now explained the situation in as few words as possible.

"But Lawrence ought to have told me!" Featherstone exclaimed.

"I don't know that he would have been of much use. You see, Lawrence meant to put Daly off the track, and if he failed in this, to fight."

"But he can't fight," Featherstone objected in a strained voice. "I had urged him to do so, if it had been possible. We're not cowards."

"Why is it impossible?"

"Don't you know?" Featherstone asked with some surprise.

"I know my partner's in trouble; that's all."

Featherstone hesitated, as if he wanted to take the other into his confidence, but shrank from doing so. Then he said with forced quietness: "If this rogue knows as much as I suspect he can get my son arrested."

"On a serious charge? I don't ask what it is."

"It would mean a long imprisonment, to say nothing of the humiliation," Featherstone answered brokenly, and was silent for a minute with the freight on his tense face.

"Then he went on with an effort: 'I must tell you what I can. Lawrence in a desperate moment injured, I had better call it robbed, a relative of ours. The boy got the difficulties, but hitherto, although he had been a fool, there was a certain generosity in his rashness. He was very hard pressed—I have seen that since—but I can make no excuse for what he did.'"

"He made good afterwards," Foster interposed.

"We tried to think so, but it looks as if one can't make good by punishment for a wrong done, or consented to, must be borne. Well, when I learned the truth I went to

MURKINS Granulated Eyelids
Sore Eyes, Red Eyes, Itchy Eyes, Swollen Eyes, and Windy Eyes. Relieved by Murkin. Try this four times a day. Sold by all druggists. **MURKIN'S Granulated Eyelids**
Sore Eyes, Red Eyes, Itchy Eyes, Swollen Eyes, and Windy Eyes. Relieved by Murkin. Try this four times a day. Sold by all druggists. **MURKIN'S Granulated Eyelids**

the man my son had robbed and offered to repay him. He said he would take no money, for reasons that I ought to grasp, and sent me away afraid, because I knew he was hard and very just."

Featherstone paused, and Foster, who murmured a few words of sympathy, waited until he resumed: "I am a magistrate, pledged to do my duty, but I helped my boy to escape, and the man I was afraid of did nothing, though he knew. After a time, I went to him again, and he gave me the same answer. I went back. It's obvious now that he knew my son's faults and meant to give him the chance of overcoming them by hard work in Canada. At last, when he was very ill, he sent for me, and said I could let Lawrence know he was forgiven."

"Ah!" said Foster, "now I understand what my partner meant."

"This was not long before you took the best advice I can give. It was a wonderful relief to know the danger was over, and then you told me how Lawrence had grown out of his folly, and became a useful man. Although we longed to see him, our satisfaction was complete. Now this letter comes, and I can see my wife unable to bear the strain again."

Foster was moved by his distress. Featherstone was proud and honorable, and it must have cost him much to help his son to steal away. Indeed, Foster thought what he had done was a noble deed. He had helped after all it had proved useful. The worst was that his sensitive uprightness might make him an easy victim of the unscrupulous adventurer. But Foster did not mean him to be victimized. As a rule, he was rather humorous than dramatic, but he got up and stood with his hands clenched.

"This thing touches us both, sir," Lawrence is your son, but he's my friend, and I've got to see him through, which warrants my giving you the best advice I can. Very well, you must show a bold front to 'Daly'; to begin with, you can't go to Hexham."

Featherstone gave him a grateful glance. He felt dejected and desperate, but Foster looked comfortingly resolute. At first he had welcomed him for his son's sake, but had come to like him for himself.

"No," he agreed, "I can't go; that doesn't help us, because he'll come here."

"Yes, he must be met. But do you know how he came to be about the matter?"

"I don't, but my relative, who was interested in the matter, and saw the schemes, had a secretary. I can remember his name, but this might be the fellow."

"How can he be bluffed?" Featherstone asked with a hopeless gasp.

"He can have my son arrested if I don't agree to his demands. He would first have to tell the police all he knew, and as soon as he did this his hold on you would be gone. Then they'd ask you why he kept the secret, which would be a terrible matter for the law."

"He might perhaps take the risk out of malice if he saw you meant to be firm. For all that, you must be firm; you can't buy him off. He'd come back later with a fresh demand. Would your estate stand the strain?"

"My wife and daughter would make any sacrifice for Lawrence's sake."

"The sacrifice would benefit this bloodsucker, which is a different thing," Foster rejoined. "Then even if you impoverished your family, you'd only put off the reckoning, which would come when the fellow had sat all you'd got. In short, he must be bluffed off now."

He sat down and pondered and there was silence for some minutes. It had got dark and he heard the steady patter of the rain. He knew he had undertaken a difficult task, and felt daunted because he could not see his way. Still, he looked as if the happiness of these charming people and perhaps his partner's future depended upon him. If that were so, he must not fail them.

(To Be Continued.)

A War of Corruption

German Bribery and Corruption Responsible for Any Gains Made

"Look at the situation at the end of 1917, after the war has been carried on for three years and a half. What has been Germany's really important conquest in this struggle? It has been Russia. And how has she conquered Russia? Not by warfare, but by corruption. In the beginning the Russian armies, though inferior to the German military fitness and in morale, had the upper hand in East Prussia. Then a sort of paralysis seemed to blight them, and the German generals, who had retreated from them at the start, overwhelmed them at the Mazurian Lakes."

"Subsequently we have learned that this paralysis, which became chronic, was caused by treachery, and treachery was caused by German bribes," William Roemer Trayer, in The Saturday Evening Post for February 16.

Among the advertisements in a paper appeared the following: "The gentleman who found a purse with money in it is requested to forward it to the address of the loser, as he is recognized." A few days afterwards the reply was inserted: "The recognized gentleman who picked up a purse requests the loser to call at his house."

Among the advertisements in a paper appeared the following: "The gentleman who found a purse with money in it is requested to forward it to the address of the loser, as he is recognized." A few days afterwards the reply was inserted: "The recognized gentleman who picked up a purse requests the loser to call at his house."

Among the advertisements in a paper appeared the following: "The gentleman who found a purse with money in it is requested to forward it to the address of the loser, as he is recognized." A few days afterwards the reply was inserted: "The recognized gentleman who picked up a purse requests the loser to call at his house."

Among the advertisements in a paper appeared the following: "The gentleman who found a purse with money in it is requested to forward it to the address of the loser, as he is recognized." A few days afterwards the reply was inserted: "The recognized gentleman who picked up a purse requests the loser to call at his house."

Among the advertisements in a paper appeared the following: "The gentleman who found a purse with money in it is requested to forward it to the address of the loser, as he is recognized." A few days afterwards the reply was inserted: "The recognized gentleman who picked up a purse requests the loser to call at his house."

What Women Want to Know

Some Queries and Answers Regarding Conservation of Food

Lillias. Yes, you can send maple sugar to the front and there is no sweet that will be more appreciated. It is better adapted for transit than chocolate and you may be sure that it will make your brother think of sugaring time in the bush when he was a youngster and there was no thought of a world-wide war. There will be plenty of maple sugar and syrup this year if the farmer lives up to expectations. The season has so far been an ideal one for tapping.

Donesic. You are fortunate to have such a good supply of potatoes. It should stand you in good stead during the next few weeks when you get the Dominion's potato campaign will be in progress. Canadians do not half realize the value of the staple food. Its possibilities are endless. It stands pre-eminent among the vegetables used for food. It must be remembered that the most nutritious part of the potato lies next the skin in the shape of an acid juice which passes into the water during boiling and escapes with the steam from a baked potato. The composition of potatoes is as follows: Water, 78.9%; starch, 18.8%; protein, 2.1%; mineral matter, .9%; and fat 1%.

If you are tired of cooking potatoes in the same old way, try a few new methods. For instance, have you tried potato omelette? You prepare mashed potatoes, turn them into a hot omelette pan well greased, spread evenly, cook slowly until browned underneath and fold as an omelette.

Delmonico Potatoes: To creamed potatoes and bread crumbs, add a pinch of onion, a dash of salt, and a few ranging potatoes and cheese in alternate layers before covering with crumbs.

Mrs. Brown. In reply to your query the following scale may somewhat surprise you. It shows that despite Canada's natural advantages of soil, German farmers harvest between one-half and two-thirds more bushels per acre than do the Canadian farmers.

Wheat, Germany, 35.1; Canada, 21.04; barley, Germany, 30.4; Canada, 19.28; rye, Germany, 41.3; Canada, 29.76; oats, Germany, 61.1; Canada, 38.78; potatoes, Germany, 235.8; Canada, 165.88.

Enquirer. You are quite mistaken in your assumption that the Canada food board is a financial burden on the country. As pointed out by Hon. T. A. Cregar, minister of agriculture, in the house of commons the other day, the food board has been a net saving to the country.

Good milk is by far the cheapest animal food on the market today. To get a clearer idea of how dairy products meet present-day needs, the following comparisons are made on milk:

One quart of milk on an energy basis equals: 2 pounds of chicken; 79 pounds of steak; 8 eggs; 3.35 pounds of oysters; 7 oranges; 76 pounds of fish; 6.55 pounds of tomatoes; 1/4 dozen bananas; 79 pounds of English walnuts; 3.5 pounds of asparagus.

Figuring this on a price basis one quart of milk at 12 1/2 cents is worth as much as: 60 cents worth of chicken; 28 cents worth of sirloin steak; 20 cents worth of eggs; \$1.33 worth of oysters; 22 cents worth of fish; 40 cents worth of oranges; 20 cents worth of bananas; 21 cents worth of English walnuts; \$1 worth of asparagus, 17 cents worth of tomatoes.

Good milk is by far the cheapest animal food on the market today. To get a clearer idea of how dairy products meet present-day needs, the following comparisons are made on milk:

One quart of milk on an energy basis equals: 2 pounds of chicken; 79 pounds of steak; 8 eggs; 3.35 pounds of oysters; 7 oranges; 76 pounds of fish; 6.55 pounds of tomatoes; 1/4 dozen bananas; 79 pounds of English walnuts; 3.5 pounds of asparagus.

Figuring this on a price basis one quart of milk at 12 1/2 cents is worth as much as: 60 cents worth of chicken; 28 cents worth of sirloin steak; 20 cents worth of eggs; \$1.33 worth of oysters; 22 cents worth of fish; 40 cents worth of oranges; 20 cents worth of bananas; 21 cents worth of English walnuts; \$1 worth of asparagus, 17 cents worth of tomatoes.

Good milk is by far the cheapest animal food on the market today. To get a clearer idea of how dairy products meet present-day needs, the following comparisons are made on milk:

One quart of milk on an energy basis equals: 2 pounds of chicken; 79 pounds of steak; 8 eggs; 3.35 pounds of oysters; 7 oranges; 76 pounds of fish; 6.55 pounds of tomatoes; 1/4 dozen bananas; 79 pounds of English walnuts; 3.5 pounds of asparagus.

Figuring this on a price basis one quart of milk at 12 1/2 cents is worth as much as: 60 cents worth of chicken; 28 cents worth of sirloin steak; 20 cents worth of eggs; \$1.33 worth of oysters; 22 cents worth of fish; 40 cents worth of oranges; 20 cents worth of bananas; 21 cents worth of English walnuts; \$1 worth of asparagus, 17 cents worth of tomatoes.

Good milk is by far the cheapest animal food on the market today. To get a clearer idea of how dairy products meet present-day needs, the following comparisons are made on milk:

One quart of milk on an energy basis equals: 2 pounds of chicken; 79 pounds of steak; 8 eggs; 3.35 pounds of oysters; 7 oranges; 76 pounds of fish; 6.55 pounds of tomatoes; 1/4 dozen bananas; 79 pounds of English walnuts; 3.5 pounds of asparagus.

Figuring this on a price basis one quart of milk at 12 1/2 cents is worth as much as: 60 cents worth of chicken; 28 cents worth of sirloin steak; 20 cents worth of eggs; \$1.33 worth of oysters; 22 cents worth of fish; 40 cents worth of oranges; 20 cents worth of bananas; 21 cents worth of English walnuts; \$1 worth of asparagus, 17 cents worth of tomatoes.

Good milk is by far the cheapest animal food on the market today. To get a clearer idea of how dairy products meet present-day needs, the following comparisons are made on milk:

One quart of milk on an energy basis equals: 2 pounds of chicken; 79 pounds of steak; 8 eggs; 3.35 pounds of oysters; 7 oranges; 76 pounds of fish; 6.55 pounds of tomatoes; 1/4 dozen bananas; 79 pounds of English walnuts; 3.5 pounds of asparagus.

Figuring this on a price basis one quart of milk at 12 1/2 cents is worth as much as: 60 cents worth of chicken; 28 cents worth of sirloin steak; 20 cents worth of eggs; \$1.33 worth of oysters; 22 cents worth of fish; 40 cents worth of oranges; 20 cents worth of bananas; 21 cents worth of English walnuts; \$1 worth of asparagus, 17 cents worth of tomatoes.

Good milk is by far the cheapest animal food on the market today. To get a clearer idea of how dairy products meet present-day needs, the following comparisons are made on milk:

One quart of milk on an energy basis equals: 2 pounds of chicken; 79 pounds of steak; 8 eggs; 3.35 pounds of oysters; 7 oranges; 76 pounds of fish; 6.55 pounds of tomatoes; 1/4 dozen bananas; 79 pounds of English walnuts; 3.5 pounds of asparagus.

Figuring this on a price basis one quart of milk at 12 1/2 cents is worth as much as: 60 cents worth of chicken; 28 cents worth of sirloin steak; 20 cents worth of eggs; \$1.33 worth of oysters; 22 cents worth of fish; 40 cents worth of oranges; 20 cents worth of bananas; 21 cents worth of English walnuts; \$1 worth of asparagus, 17 cents worth of tomatoes.

Good milk is by far the cheapest animal food on the market today. To get a clearer idea of how dairy products meet present-day needs, the following comparisons are made on milk:

Have you Indigestion?

Your food will continue to disagree with you, and you cannot dress until you strengthen your digestive organs, and tone and sweeten the stomach. You can do this quickly and surely by promptly taking a few doses of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Their natural action relieves the stomach of undigested food, stimulates the flow of gastric juice, renews the activity of the liver and bowels, and strengthens the digestive system. Take them with confidence, for 60 years' experience prove that Beecham's Pills

Are good for the Stomach

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25c.

Milk is Cheapest Food Available

By Far the Cheapest Animal Food On the Market Today

To get a clearer idea of how dairy products meet present-day needs, the following comparisons are made on milk:

One quart of milk on an energy basis equals: 2 pounds of chicken; 79 pounds of steak; 8 eggs; 3.35 pounds of oysters; 7 oranges; 76 pounds of fish; 6.55 pounds of tomatoes; 1/4 dozen bananas; 79 pounds of English walnuts; 3.5 pounds of asparagus.

Figuring this on a price basis one quart of milk at 12 1/2 cents is worth as much as: 60 cents worth of chicken; 28 cents worth of sirloin steak; 20 cents worth of eggs; \$1.33 worth of oysters; 22 cents worth of fish; 40 cents worth of oranges; 20 cents worth of bananas; 21 cents worth of English walnuts; \$1 worth of asparagus, 17 cents worth of tomatoes.

Good milk is by far the cheapest animal food on the market today. To get a clearer idea of how dairy products meet present-day needs, the following comparisons are made on milk:

One quart of milk on an energy basis equals: 2 pounds of chicken; 79 pounds of steak; 8 eggs; 3.35 pounds of oysters; 7 oranges; 76 pounds of fish; 6.55 pounds of tomatoes; 1/4 dozen bananas; 79 pounds of English walnuts; 3.5 pounds of asparagus.

Figuring this on a price basis one quart of milk at 12 1/2 cents is worth as much as: 60 cents worth of chicken; 28 cents worth of sirloin steak; 20 cents worth of eggs; \$1.33 worth of oysters; 22 cents worth of fish; 40 cents worth of oranges; 20 cents worth of bananas; 21 cents worth of English walnuts; \$1 worth of asparagus, 17 cents worth of tomatoes.

Good milk is by far the cheapest animal food on the market today. To get a clearer idea of how dairy products meet present-day needs, the following comparisons are made on milk:

One quart of milk on an energy basis equals: 2 pounds of chicken; 79 pounds of steak; 8 eggs; 3.35 pounds of oysters; 7 oranges; 76 pounds of fish; 6.55 pounds of tomatoes; 1/4 dozen bananas; 79 pounds of English walnuts; 3.5 pounds of asparagus.

Figuring this on a price basis one quart of milk at 12 1/2 cents is worth as much as: 60 cents worth of chicken; 28 cents worth of sirloin steak; 20 cents worth of eggs; \$1.33 worth of oysters; 22 cents worth of fish; 40 cents worth of oranges; 20 cents worth of bananas; 21 cents worth of English walnuts; \$1 worth of asparagus, 17 cents worth of tomatoes.

Good milk is by far the cheapest animal food on the market today. To get a clearer idea of how dairy products meet present-day needs, the following comparisons are made on milk:

One quart of milk on an energy basis equals: 2 pounds of chicken; 79 pounds of steak; 8 eggs; 3.35 pounds of oysters; 7 oranges; 76 pounds of fish; 6.55 pounds of tomatoes; 1/4 dozen bananas; 79 pounds of English walnuts; 3.5 pounds of asparagus.

Figuring this on a price basis one quart of milk at 12 1/2 cents is worth as much as: 60 cents worth of chicken; 28 cents worth of sirloin steak; 20 cents worth of eggs; \$1.33 worth of oysters; 22 cents worth of fish; 40 cents worth of oranges; 20 cents worth of bananas; 21 cents worth of English walnuts; \$1 worth of asparagus, 17 cents worth of tomatoes.

Good milk is by far the cheapest animal food on the market today. To get a clearer idea of how dairy products meet present-day needs, the following comparisons are made on milk:

One quart of milk on an energy basis equals: 2 pounds of chicken; 79 pounds of steak; 8 eggs; 3.35 pounds of oysters; 7 oranges; 76 pounds of fish; 6.55 pounds of tomatoes; 1/4 dozen bananas; 79 pounds of English walnuts; 3.5 pounds of asparagus.

Figuring this on a price basis one quart of milk at 12 1/2 cents is worth as much as: 60 cents worth of chicken; 28 cents worth of sirloin steak; 20 cents worth of eggs; \$1.33 worth of oysters; 22 cents worth of fish; 40 cents worth of oranges; 20 cents worth of bananas; 21 cents worth of English walnuts; \$1 worth of asparagus, 17 cents worth of tomatoes.

Good milk is by far the cheapest animal food on the market today. To get a clearer idea of how dairy products meet present-day needs, the following comparisons are made on milk:

One quart of milk on an energy basis equals: 2 pounds of chicken; 79 pounds of steak; 8 eggs; 3.35 pounds of oysters; 7 oranges; 76 pounds of fish; 6.55 pounds of tomatoes; 1/4 dozen bananas; 79 pounds of English walnuts; 3.5 pounds of asparagus.

Figuring this on a price basis one quart of milk at 12 1/2 cents is worth as much as: 60 cents worth of chicken; 28 cents worth of sirloin steak; 20 cents worth of eggs; \$1.33 worth of oysters; 22 cents worth of fish; 40 cents worth of oranges; 20 cents worth of bananas; 21 cents worth of English walnuts; \$1 worth of asparagus, 17 cents worth of tomatoes.

Good milk is by far the cheapest animal food on the market today. To get a clearer idea of how dairy products meet present-day needs, the following comparisons are made on milk:

One quart of milk on an energy basis equals: 2 pounds of chicken; 79 pounds of steak; 8 eggs; 3.35 pounds of oysters; 7 oranges; 76 pounds of fish; 6.55 pounds of tomatoes; 1/4 dozen bananas; 79 pounds of English walnuts; 3.5 pounds of asparagus.

Figuring this on a price basis one quart of milk at 12 1/2 cents is worth as much as: 60 cents worth of chicken; 28 cents worth of sirloin steak; 20 cents worth of eggs; \$1.33 worth of oysters; 22 cents worth of fish; 40 cents worth of oranges; 20 cents worth of bananas; 21 cents worth of English walnuts; \$1 worth of asparagus, 17 cents worth of tomatoes.

Good milk is by far the cheapest animal food on the market today. To get a clearer idea of how dairy products meet present-day needs, the following comparisons are made on milk:

One quart of milk on an energy basis equals: 2 pounds of chicken; 79 pounds of steak; 8 eggs; 3.35 pounds of oysters; 7 oranges; 76 pounds of fish; 6.55 pounds of tomatoes; 1/4 dozen bananas; 79 pounds of English walnuts; 3.5 pounds of asparagus.

War and Food

No. 15—EGGS

To talk to the farm woman about eggs is like bringing coats to Newcastle and yet there are aspects of the egg business of which she never thinks, so much is it a matter of course to her to see the eggs being shipped to the city. It is estimated that about 95 per cent. of the eggs sold in Canada come from the farms and the remainder from small poultry-keepers in villages, towns and cities. Most of the farm eggs pass through the hands of the country storekeepers. From them they go to the wholesale house. Finally they are canned and turned over to the jobber, or the retail trade, or put in cold storage to be kept for winter use.

The most natural place for the farmer to sell his eggs is at the country store. Here he has the least trouble and gets the quickest return either in trade or cash, whichever he prefers.

It is estimated that the greatest number of bad eggs which come on the market are in that state because of conditions on the farm. A small percentage of the eggs is attached to the country store and still less is attributed to conditions under which eggs are shipped, or the loss that occurs in transit.

In taking measures to prevent losses of this kind the first step must be taken by the farmer. In spring the losses are inconceivable, but as warmer weather comes they grow heavier and heavier. The following are some pointers for the farmer and his wife on how to get the best results with their hens:

- (1) Keep the poultryhouse clean.
- (2) Separate the roosters from the hens after the hatching season.
- (3) Provide plenty of clean straw on the floor and in the nests.
- (4) Do not allow broody hens on the nests.
- (5) "Break them up" by putting in boxes with slatted bottoms raised off the floor.
- (6) Gather the eggs twice a day.
- (7) Keep them in a cool, dry place.
- (8) Sell them twice a week if possible.
- (9) Use clean cans and fillers.
- (10) Sell only the best eggs, candling out any poor ones and also small eggs.

Friendly Criticism
"I hear that Swidwell has written a new three-act comedy. In spring 'Yes; he read it to me and two other of his oldest friends yesterday."

"And what did you think of it?"
"Well, we all three thought one of the acts superfluous."

"Which act was that?"
"Oh, we each chose a different act," London Opinion.

KEEP YOUR STOVE BRIGHT

BLACK KNIGHT STOVE POLISH

Will not burn Easy to use



British Metals Bill

Bill Designed to Frustrate Future German Control of Metals

Economic Service, the official organ of the Colonial Institute of Hamburg, has just reproduced textually the British bill designed to frustrate future German attempts to control the metals of the world. Commenting on the bill's proposals, the commercial organ, Berlin Daily Paper, says:

As far as Germany and her allies are concerned, we shall have to insist at the peace negotiations that discriminatory laws like these, which can only lead to endless reprisal legislation and must result in poisoning the whole economic atmosphere, are abolished by the treaty of peace."

A Tottering Ajax
The Kaiser now seems to picture himself as a glittering Ajax, nobly defiant of the whole world. But that kind of Ajax easily becomes an outlaw and a pariah, with whom no people on earth will have dealings.—New York Evening Post.

A Tottering Ajax
The Kaiser now seems to picture himself as a glittering Ajax, nobly defiant of the whole world. But that kind of Ajax easily becomes an outlaw and a pariah, with whom no people on earth will have dealings.—New York Evening Post.

BOB LONG UNION MADE OVERALLS SHIRTS & GLOVES

My Dad wears 'em

Known from Coast to Coast
R. & L. LONG & CO. LIMITED
TORONTO CANADA

Parcels for Soldiers

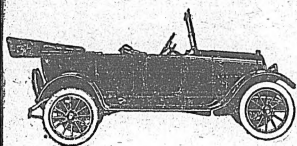
SHOULD BE PROTECTED BY

Para-Sani Wrapper



A heavily coated, strong waxed paper, moisture proof and air proof. The pleasure of the boys in the trenches will be doubled if their eatables and smokes are received in good condition.

Do You Know the Terms of that 22,000 Mile Test?



Maxwell Motor Cars

5-Pass. Car . . . \$1045
Roadster . . . 1045
5-Pass. Car with All-Weather Top . . . 1200
5-Pass. Sedan . . . 1670
6-Pass. Town Car 1670
All prices f.o.b. Windsor, Ont.
Also special regular equipment with Telsa and Tons Car

Official Figures of the Test

	Daily Miles	Average Miles Per Gallon
Nov. 23	51.9	22.2
" 24	53.4	21.9
" 25	50.6	22.0
" 26	51.5	21.7
" 27	51.5	21.7
" 28	51.5	21.7
" 29	51.5	21.7
" 30	51.5	21.7
Dec. 1	49.8	21.9
" 2	49.8	21.9
" 3	49.8	21.9
" 4	49.8	21.9
" 5	49.8	21.9
" 6	49.8	21.9
" 7	49.8	21.9
" 8	49.8	21.9
" 9	49.8	21.9
" 10	49.8	21.9
" 11	49.8	21.9
" 12	49.8	21.9
" 13	49.8	21.9
" 14	49.8	21.9
" 15	49.8	21.9
" 16	49.8	21.9
" 17	49.8	21.9
" 18	49.8	21.9
" 19	49.8	21.9
" 20	49.8	21.9
" 21	49.8	21.9
" 22	49.8	21.9
" 23	49.8	21.9
" 24	49.8	21.9
" 25	49.8	21.9
" 26	49.8	21.9
" 27	49.8	21.9
" 28	49.8	21.9
" 29	49.8	21.9
" 30	49.8	21.9
Jan. 1	49.8	21.9
" 2	49.8	21.9
" 3	49.8	21.9
" 4	49.8	21.9
" 5	49.8	21.9

Elapsed time . . . 44 days
Total mileage . . . 22,022.3
Average speed per hour . . . 500.6
Average day's run . . . 500.6
Average day's run . . . 500.6
Average miles per gal. . . 22.2 miles
Smallest day's mileage . . . 18.20 miles
Greatest average miles . . . 22.33 miles
Average tire life . . . 6,875 miles
Average tire life . . . 6,875 miles
*Note that longest day's run was made on last day of the test.

N.B. The Canadian gallon being 20% larger than the American gallon, on which latter basis the above test was run, the miles per gallon figures should be increased by the same percentage to obtain in Canada the correct rate of miles to the gallon.



C. R. BROWNELL,
Dealer
Chinook, Alberta

You know, of course, that the Maxwell Motor Car is the long distance champion of the world.

You have read that a "stock" Maxwell 5-passenger car ran for 44 days and nights without stopping the motor.

And that, in the 44 days non-stop test, the Maxwell covered 22,022 miles, at an average speed of 25 miles per hour.

But have you, up to now, realized the full significance of that performance?

Do you know that no other motor car in the world has ever equalled or even approached that performance?

In a word, did you take this test seriously when you heard of it?

Or did you set it down as a "selling stunt" to give the publicity man something to talk about?

It's worth your while to read and to study the conditions under which that test was made.

You know that the American Automobile Association (familiarily known as the "A.A.A.") is the official arbiter of every automobile test and contest.

But perhaps you didn't know that when a maker places his product under A.A.A. supervision he must do absolutely as told and abide by the decisions of the Board.

That's why there are so few A.A.A. Official Records!

This 22,000-mile Maxwell non-stop test was official from start to finish.

Therein lies its value to you.

It proves absolutely the quality of the car—of the very Maxwell you buy.

For verily this was a "stock" Maxwell. Listen:—

First: the inspectors disassembled the motor to see that no special pistons, valves, bearing-metal or other parts had been used.

Every other unit was as critically inspected. Then the car was re-assembled under their own supervision.

As we had much at stake and the test was made in winter (November 23 to January 5) we asked permission to take certain little precautions against accidental stoppage.

Sounds reasonable, doesn't it?

But they refused permission to do any such thing.

For example:—They would not permit a rubber cover over the magneto—it wasn't "stock."

They refused to let us tape the ignition wire terminals—they are not taped on the Maxwells we sell—so of course it wasn't "stock."

Neither would they let us use a spiral coiled pipe in place of the usual straight one from tank to carburetor to guard against a breakage from the constant, unremittng vibration—it isn't "stock."

Nor to use a special high priced foreign make of spark plug—the run was made on the same spark plugs with which all Maxwells are equipped.

So rigid were the rules, we were unable to carry a spare tire on the rear—it wasn't "stock." A telegram to headquarters in New York finally brought a special permit to carry a spare tire.

"It isn't stock!" "It isn't stock!"

That was the laconic reply of those A.A.A. inspectors to every last suggestion that called for anything but the precise condition of the standard, stock model Maxwell that any customer can buy from any one of 3000 dealers anywhere.

We are glad now—mighty glad—that the rules were so strict and so rigidly enforced.

Any other car that ever attempts to equal that record must do it under official supervision—and comply with the same terms.

And it will have to go some.

For Maxwell set the standard when it performed this wonderful feat.

Maxwell complied with those rules—and made good.

Every drop of gasoline and oil and water was measured out and poured in by the inspectors themselves. They would not even let our man pour it in!

Every four hours the car had to report at the official station for checking.

And it had to be there on the minute.

And every minute there was an inspector beside the driver on the front seat—two more men in the rear. One got out only to let another in—day and night for 44 days and nights!

There was one technical stop.

It is interesting to know the circumstances.

Dead of night—a driving storm—a cloudburst—suddenly another car appeared in the road ahead.

In his effort to avoid a collision the Maxwell driver stalled his motor.

At least the observers thought it stopped and so reported.

The car did not stop, however, so its momentum again started the motor (if it had indeed stalled) when the clutch was let in.

The contest board exonerated our driver on grounds that his action was necessary to save life.

That shows you how rigid were the rules—how conscientiously applied by the observers.

You who have owned and driven motor cars—you who know how small a thing may clog a carburetor or a feed pipe; "short" a spark or stall a motor—will realize what a wonderfully well made car this must be to go through that test under those conditions—44 days—22,022 miles without stopping.

The exact amount of gasoline, of oil, of water used; the tire mileage, tire troubles, tire changes; the distance and the routes are matters of official record, attested under oath and guaranteed by the A.A.A.

(By the way, the average was nearly 10,000 miles per tire.)

Any Maxwell owner—or anyone interested may see those records.

And—here's the most wonderful part—though no attempt was or could be made for economy; the Maxwell averaged 22 miles per gallon of gasoline.

Some other car may, some time, equal some one of those performances. But to equal them all in the same test—that car must be a Maxwell.

\$10.00 Reward

Strayed from a 1/2 sec 9-26-6 w 4th Dark Bay Gelding, branded

On lower left shoulder, white star in forehead, little lump on hind fetlock, weight about 1300, 8 years old.

1 Buckskin Mare, weight about 1250, 7 years old, brand unknown.

The above reward will be paid for information leading to their recovery. Any detainment will be severely dealt with.

IVEN BUSCHERT, Cereal P.O.

Walter M. Crockett, LL.B. & Company

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries

MONEY TO LOAN.

Special attention given to collections
Chinook, Alta.

ROBT. URE, M.A., LL.B.
(Glasgow and Edinburgh)

Barrister - Solicitor - Notary

Collections a Specialty.

YOUNGSTOWN ALBERTA.
Office: Main Street, next Dominion Lands Office.

Lasher & Gillilan, Limited
FARM AND RANCH LANDS

YOUNGSTOWN, - - - ALTA.

We have prospects every week who are wanting land, and some prefer the Chinook district. We want list-ings of good farms and can sell them for a good price, if the terms are right. Let us know if you want to sell, and we will be glad to mail list-ings forms on request.
Jos. Deman, Chinook representative



SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH- WEST LAND REGULATIONS

THIS sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of land.

1. Homesteads are made in the Dominion of Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Land Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within one mile of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required, except where residence is performed in the vicinity of a town or village. In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$1.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of six years after earning homestead patent; also 30 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions. A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$1.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 30 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.

Deputy of the Minister of the Interior

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—44388



Chinook Lodge, No. 113, meets every Monday at 8.00 p. m. in Arms' hall, Chinook. Visiting members are cordially invited.
N. Kerry, N.G.

R. S

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

CHINOOK LODGE, No. 40, meets on the First and Third Thursdays of every month in their Castle Hall, Arms' Block, Chinook.

Visiting members are cordially invited to attend.

E. R. Dell, C.C.

C. E. Neff, K.R. & S.

M. L. CHAPMAN
Chinook, Alta.

GENERAL DRAYING

All orders promptly attended to

Office: Opp. Crown Lumber yard

B. W. BOYER
LICENSED DRAYMAN

All kinds of Draying promptly attended to.

Office at Feed Barn, opposite Crown Lumber Yard

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco

IS THE WORLD'S BEST CHEW



It is manufactured tobacco in its purest form.

It has a pleasing flavor.

It is tobacco scientifically prepared for man's use.

GERMANY IS ALREADY LAYING PLANS FOR NEXT GREAT WAR

ENEMY SPREADING THE GOSPEL OF CONQUEST

Peace That May Be Concluded With Germany That Does Not Involve Her Destruction as a Military Power May Only Be Regarded as a Mere Armistice

If an Englishman should now write a book discussing the possibilities of the next war, assert that war is the best occupation of mankind and that to prepare for it we should among other things be very careful to preserve the aristocratic ideal, he could in the first place get nobody to publish it. If he produced it at his own expense he might consider himself lucky if a court adjudged him insane. Otherwise he would be lynched. Yet such a book has been written in Germany by Lieutenant-General Baron von Freytag-Loringhoven and it is in circulation for the books of Bernhardi, which did so much to develop in the German people the spirit that has horrified the world in the past three years. The baron is no mere dreamer, no irresponsible theorist, no fanatic with a hobby that has unhinged his mind. He stands high in the war councils of Germany. He is the special confidant of the Kaiser. In fact, he is deputy chief of the German army. His book, entitled "Deductions from the World War," was published last fall, and is said to have had a great sale in Germany. Efforts to prevent it from circulating outside the country were made, but a few copies were smuggled out, and from one of them an English edition has been prepared.

Its importance is such that it is a duty to impress upon the public the significance of this work. It confirms an opinion that has been more than once expressed in these columns, namely, that the Germans must be judged as a people, and that to make distinctions between the Kaiser and the Junker class and the rest of Germany is both idle and vicious so far as the future is concerned. There was a time in the war, when certain English and Canadian publicists sought to stir up the people that they must not hate the Germans; that we must consider them as aggressors, and suffer from a poison; that we were not to be their executioners, but rather their kindly, firm, attentive, and physician. Under such a policy, such a idea appears to have been entertained by President Wilson. It is reasonable to suppose that the German people know themselves best, and if there are any yet who persist in the doctrine that the Germans have had forced upon them a form of government which they abhor, and that they are really decent, kindly, peace-loving folk, let them say so. The words of Prince Bulow are interesting: "Militarism is not a Prussian invention," he says, "Militarism is Prussia herself."

It seems incredible that after this war Germany should still have a taste for slaughter, but it is plain that Baron Freytag-Loringhoven is acting on this belief. There is only one thing that will cure this mental bent in the German mind, and that is absolute, overwhelming defeat, bitter suffering and a league of nations that will constitute itself an armed guard of Germany for a generation and more to come. The baron laughs at the idea of ending the world of war by means of mutual agreements. He admits that there will be a result of the war that occasions must continue to arise when the forces in one nation will refuse to be controlled by an agreement made years before. The notion of a universal league for the preservation of peace is ridiculous, he says, and any proud-spirited nation would regard such an organization as "intolerable tutelage." Equally Utopian, therefore, is the idea that Germany herself should be invited to join such a league. There was, in fact, in fact, in fact, a league before the war began, that is to say a league of nations that would not provoke war. Germany was supposed to be a member of it. Hence the present struggle.

Freytag spreads the gospel of war among the German people. If he has any regrets as a result of the developments of the present war the chief is that the Germans have not sufficiently studied the words of Frederick with approval the words of Frederick, who wrote in 1768: "The military art demands continuous study if one desires to attain a thorough mastery of it. I am far from flatter-

myself that I have exhausted it. I am even of opinion that a human lifetime is not long enough in order to pursue it to the very end." Plainly it will be the duty of German scientists to concentrate their attention on the problem of increasing the span of human life, so that Germany may produce a certain number of murderers who must begin the study of military science at the age of three and continue it for a hundred years. On the other hand, if they will then be able to hand their plans to the ruling Kaiser or president and permit him to start the next war with better prospects of success.

As regards the practical lessons learned from this war, the baron says that in future there must be a great increase in the number of machine guns to a company. Infantry ought not to be proportionately increased, but a considerable force will be necessary. The system of training must be made to include men not now subject to it. In fact, every male, able-bodied or not, must have some knowledge of the use of the machine gun. He must be able to be increased, he does not say, but he does say that the British navy as a going concern. He points out the necessity of seizing industrial centres and coal fields in neutral countries and in future wars. The lesson we should learn from this is that any peace that may be concluded with Germany that does not involve her destruction as a military power will be regarded as a military power, which will enable her to raise another army and make another bid for world domination—Toronto Mail and Empire.

The Shaven Soldier

Modern Warrior Less Ferocious But More Efficient in Consequence

When the Indian braves of the met, foemen unsparingly worthy of their tomahawks, they arrayed themselves as fantastically as possible. They painted their faces and curled war-whoop in their repertoire, raced into the fray. Their strategy was based on the assumption that strength of arm would have to be supplemented by superiority of will if victory was to be their portion. They regarded it as a disgrace to fight their opponents before their opponents had frightened them. They would win the day. Then came the warriors of the Crime and the American Civil war. These were not barded from chest to back with iron necessity, since the double edged 100 per cent. efficient blade of the modern safety razor was underfoot. The old flat-bell razor in vogue at the time, could always be depended upon to be dull. There was nothing left to do but to popularize the beard, and popularized it was. And the basis upon which the beard was popularized was that the warrior affected it because it imparted that ferocity which is the concomitant of victory, and not because he was at a loss to do anything else.

That the psychological offensive is regarded as a necessary preliminary to the physical offensive is well illustrated by the methods of the German propagandists in the present struggle. But the beard has gone by the board since it has been simply demonstrated that the ferocity which it imparts to the soldier fails to compensate for the many disadvantages which its adoption entails. If the world had never been invented, and never been mechanically perfected, beards would doubtless be popular today. They are still popular in Russia.

Guns Range Still Too Short

The Austrians will have to build a gun that shoots much further than 70 miles before he is successful in reaching the heart of the enemy. From The Philadelphia Telegram.

Oleomargarine Released

The Canada food board has arranged with the United States food administration to allow 1,000,000 pounds of oleomargarine to come in to Canada per month.

Western Canada Irrigation Conference

Annual Convention to Be Held at Nelson, B. C., This Year

Nelson, British Columbia, is preparing for the biggest event in the history of the Western Canada Irrigation Association, when the annual convention is held there next summer. Irrigation is playing a bigger part in Western Canada's crop production of every passing year, and the Western Canada Irrigation Association aims to assist in the development of the agricultural resources of the country by affording occasion for its annual convention for discussion of the problems which confront the irrigator, and other addresses of recognized authorities on various phases of agricultural life. Not so long ago it was the boast of some districts, Nelson among them, that they did not require irrigation in order to carry on their agricultural operations. A very great change has come about in the public attitude toward irrigation, however, and now such centres as Nelson recognize frankly the advantages that may be derived from the artificial use of water. Indeed, Nelson sent very strong representations to the con-

The Kaiser's Challenge

From a Speech at Plymouth by Lord Milner

It is not now a question of destroying Prussian militarism. The question is whether Prussian militarism should destroy us, and make an end of all that the freedom-loving peoples of the world have been striving for centuries and are still striving to attain. The issue is perfectly simple, and any good peace-lover in this country—and I hope we are at heart all peace-lovers—have at any time in these last three years, and half felt a doubt as to what we were fighting for, surely no such doubt can survive today. It is now a question of peace or war. If we could only make it clear to the German people that we had been made to produce, but Rennie's Seeds must be down to ensure the finest possible crop. It is a war-time duty. When buying from dealers insist on Rennie's. The following seeds can be obtained from dealers or by mail.

Well, I contend that we have made it clear, the latest speeches of Lord Milner and of our own prime minister leave no doubt whatever that neither America, nor this country, and hence this is true of all the allies—is fighting in order to dismember the German people or to interfere with their clear right to decide for themselves under any constitution they choose to live. We are not fighting to deprive the German people of their independence or of their fair share in the trade and intercourse of the world, always provided that the same independence and the same self-determination, the same right to "place in the sun" are effectively ensured to other nations, especially the smaller nations, like Belgium and Serbia (cheers); who have in the past been the victims of the German empire. If that were all that Germany desired the end of this long agony of mankind would be far less hard.

And may be this is all that the bulk of the German people do desire, and maybe a time will come when the dispute will arise from below, in the actions of the German government. But it is certainly not reflected today. The German government, we are told, wants peace, but it must be a "German peace," and it must be a peace which will leave the German empire intact, with neighboring nations, "says the German emperor," but the victory of the next war will be the victory of "civilization." To that challenge there can be only one answer. It is the answer we gave to Philip the Arab, when he said, "I am a prophet, and I am the whole world that the German emperor now is, or ever will be."

Another Price Rise

Compensation by Government for Diseased Animals Slaughtered

A bill will be introduced by the minister of agriculture at the present session, increasing the amounts to be paid by the government to the owners of animals slaughtered under the provisions of the Animal Contagious Diseases Act. The amount to be paid must not exceed in the case of sheep, goats and swine, \$20 for each head of cattle and \$20 for each pig or sheep. In the case of pure-bred animals, the amount to be paid will not exceed \$500 for each horse, \$250 for each head of cattle and \$75 for each pig or sheep. These amendments to the act are to remain in force for three years.

Permits for Canadians

Food Supply for Wives and Dependents in England

A matter which closely affects the wives and other dependents of Canadian soldiers now in England, is their position under the food rationing system, which has been extended to the whole country. It has been laid down especially that all officers, sergeants and other ranks (with any servants) must be in possession of permits to deal in foodstuffs at regimental messes, and that the number of persons comprising the soldier's household, and in the case of women will be taken into consideration. They are not drawing separation or dependents' allowances. Each permit is available for three months. The amount of the institutes will be purchased in accordance with the periodical orders of the food controller.

Value of Grain Screenings

Preventing the Waste of Small or Broken Grains or Weed Seeds

Three years ago the seed branch of the department of agriculture at Ottawa, published a bulletin on the value of grain screenings, which indicated the results of an experiment conducted by the experimental farm branch. Owing to the growing scarcity of feeds, the elevator operators are now being urged to look to their screenings with a view to preventing the waste of any small or broken grains, and their results might be used for feed. As a result, the lower grades of screenings are now composed almost entirely of weed seeds, which are very difficult to grind properly and are not relied by stock unless mixed with other feeds. At the present time, the feed division of the live stock branch is making a further careful study of the matter, with a view to obtaining the maximum benefit from this important by-product of the farm and the grain elevator. The results will be looked for with interest. The bulletin, entitled "Grain Screenings," already referred to, may be obtained from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

RENNIE'S SEEDS For High Production

LOOK FOR THE STARS

Every page in the Rennie 1918 catalogue is a guide to War-time production. But there are a number of outstanding small stars there are called to your attention by a star border such as endures this.

SEEDS of high productive power are a vital War-time necessity. Not only must every square yard of available ground be made to produce, but Rennie's Seeds must be down to ensure the finest possible crop. It is a War-time duty. When buying from dealers insist on Rennie's. The following seeds can be obtained from dealers or by mail.

PLANT THESE NOW!!

	Pkt.	oz.	¼ lb.	lb.	5 lbs.
BEEF—Crosby's Egyptian.....
CABBAGE—Danish Summer.....
CARROT.....
Garden.....
CORN—Rennie's Golden Bantam.....
TURNIP—Burpee's Earliest.....
WYAHED.....
ONION—Early Yellow Danvers.....
Cashie's Extra Early Red.....
PEAS—Little Marvel.....
Senator—Best Second Early.....
Blue Star—Donny.....
Blue Star—Early King Edward.....
TURNIP—Broadstone (Sweden).....

Prepared by the Rennie Seed Co. Ltd. Not Repaid in 1918. The following seeds can be obtained from dealers or by mail. When buying from dealers, insist on Rennie's. If your dealer hasn't them, we will ship direct.

THE WILLIAM RENNIE COMPANY LIMITED
KING & MARKET STS. TORONTO
ALSO AT MONTREAL, WINNIPEG, VANCOUVER

THE SUPERIORITY OF CIVILIZATION OVER METHODS OF BARBARISM

THE SUPERIOR INvariably DOMINATES INFERIOR

All of the Uncivilized Methods of the Enemy, While at Times Coming as a Surprise to the Allies, Have Been Systematically Met and Overcome

In one of his informing articles in "Land and Water," Mr. Hilaire Belloc points out in a striking way the growth of opportunity upon the side of civilization, and the corresponding decline upon the side of its enemies, as illustrated by the war. He marks that the great war has seen three waves of this sort. After the first wave, the unexpected attack was checked and broken at the Marne, and held before Ypres, Europe began to recover itself, and the growth of the inferiority of barbarism became apparent. The rate of munitionment, the improvisation of armies from Britain, the development of heavy artillery on a scale before unheard of—all these things civilization grew rapidly in the face and began to get ahead of the enemy.

Mr. Belloc gives an impressive example. In August, 1914, the large howitzer which the Austrians had introduced was first employed. The Germans, who alone were thoroughly prepared and planning for war, had worked out the effect of the first wave of the war, as regulated by the new and hitherto impossible method of observation from the air. The result was that the ring of fortresses, upon which French theory rested, were quickly reduced, though not before the castles had begun to disappear under the attacks of barbarism but for this process, and although it is exceedingly slow, yet it is inevitable, and we can watch it in safety and satisfaction. The conditions of the submarine warfare, the building of new ships, the recruiting of American soldiers, the progress of their transport to Europe—all these indicate an increasing strength against a corresponding position of the enemy, and as he knows these calculations just as well as ourselves, we are enabled to understand the prolonged efforts made for peace and the present gigantic and desperate struggle. It is not chanced on the contrary, a small pinch is placed in the month between the lower lip and a gun. This gives complete satisfaction without chewing, and leaves a pleasant, cool after-taste.

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco is scientifically prepared, of the best oil, rich, high flavored leaf tobacco. It is in the form of small grains, and is the most economical chewing tobacco.

One of the reasons why Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco is becoming more and more popular is because it does not attract attention in the mouth. It is not chewed on the contrary, a small pinch is placed in the month between the lower lip and a gun. This gives complete satisfaction without chewing, and leaves a pleasant, cool after-taste. Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco is scientifically prepared, of the best oil, rich, high flavored leaf tobacco. It is in the form of small grains, and is the most economical chewing tobacco.

Robin Hood Flour is still Different Chinook Breezes



The Robin Hood Mills are exercising the same care and watchfulness in selecting their wheat as in the past, and possessing equal advantages with all competitors concerning govt. regulation, they claim a degree of experience, skill and efficiency in operating methods that still

ROBIN HOOD FLOUR IN THE FRONT RANKS

Just try a sack and be convinced. They come in 24, 48, 98 lb sacks.

We also carry Robin Hood Oats, Bran and Shorts, and all breakfast cereals

Don't forget the special gopher prize

J. R. MILLER
Department Store

Have You made that Guess Yet? If not, Why not?
Judges—Miss Good, Mrs A. H. Peck and Mr. O. F. Dunford

See us for Auto Accessories and Walters Cross Tires

Full line of
Plow Shares, Barb Wire and Fencing on hand
IF ITS HARDWARE
we have it, or can get it for you

"Yours for everything in Hardware"



JUST ARRIVED

2 carloads of Bran, Shorts and Chop
also 2 carloads of Feed Oats

At the Western Canada Flour Mills Elevator
I. W. Deman, Chinook

Hail! Hail!

It costs you no more to insure your crop now

than later. Don't wait. I have several good Companies' Cash or note premiums. Insurance of all kinds

Notary Public **M. J. Hewitt**

Chinook Harness Shop

I have in stock a good line in

Breeching Harness
Plow Harness
Single and Double
Harness, &c.

Call and see my line of Auto Robes

Special Harness made to order

REPAIRS

Neatly and Promptly done. "Service" is my motto

W. FARQUHARSON,

Old Massey-Harris Building
Opposite the Hotel

Chinook

Victoria Day.

Rev. D. Simpson of Cereal was a Chinook visitor to-day.

Chinook's sports day will be held on Thursday, June 20th, and Chilmark on Friday, June 21st. Keep these dates free.

Rev. G. Elliott was in Oyen on Tuesday, attending the annual district meeting of the Methodist church.

The rain this week helped the grain considerable. To the south of us the rainfall is reported to have been very heavy.

Mr. Cruickshanks, manager of the Union Bank, is spending a week's vacation at Lethbridge and other points.

The departmental school examinations for Grades 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 will commence June 17th to the 26th, inclusive, in the Chinook school.

Jack McLean of Chinook, returned veteran, is canvassing for Calgary Canadian subscription contest. Jack will call on you and tell you all about it.

Wanted

A young Milk Cow, with calf, stage age and price.
NOBLE & WHITESIDE,
Box 82, Chinook P.O.

R. M. of Sounding Creek, No. 273

WANTED

Applications for the position of Weed Inspector for the Municipality of Sounding Creek will be accepted by the undersigned up to Saturday, June 8th, 1918.

R. N. MANGLES, Sec.-Treas.

R. M. of Sounding Creek No. 273

WANTED

Applications for the position of Secretary-Treasurer of the Rural Municipality of Sounding Creek, No. 273. Apply to the undersigned, stating qualifications, on or before June 8th, 1918.

R. N. MANGLES, Sec.-Treas.

CHINOOK MARKETS

Wheat, No. 1	\$2 01
" No. 2	1 98
" No. 3	1 95
Oats, No. 2, Canada West	73
Oats, feed	70
Barley	1 30
Flax	3 50
Corn	
Live Hogs (Calgary)	20 00
Eggs	30
Butter	45

DR. A. T. SPANKIE
M.D., C.M.

Eye, Nose, Ear and Throat
Specialist

OFFICE:

Suite 121-122, New P. Burns Bldg.
corner 8th Ave and 2nd St. E.
CALGARY.
Phones: Office M2848, House M2077

Internist and House Surgeon Manitoba Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Hospital, New York City 1911-1914
Specialist to Calgary School Board

\$25.00 Reward

Strayed from 36-26-9, Heathdale, about April 1st
Bay Mare, 7 years old, has yearling colt

Roan Mare, 5 years old, all feet are white, has yearling black colt
Roan Mare, 5 years old, with white blaze in face, two hind feet white
The three mares are branded

R

on right shoulder, but colts are not branded
2-year-old Stallion, dark grey, not branded
Light Bay Stallion, 2-year-old, with star in forehead
Dark Grey Stallion, 2-years-old, with white heel.

H. C. TROGAN

NOTICE

Strayed to my place, 6-29-6, one Dark Bay Mare, three years, or there about, branded 21 on right shoulder, white face and a little on hind legs and right front leg.

H. O. HILLE, Cereal

An Auctioneer of Experience
Saves your hard-earned money.

Try P. BATSON

Provincial Auctioneer

Years of experience in Farm and Live Stock Sales.

G. T. OXLEY of Chinook will help you with your listings. He knows the business.

If you are thinking of selling your farm, come and see me as I have some buyers wanting to secure land in the Chinook district. Now is the time. Call and see me.

JOSEPH DEMAN

The Real Estate Man. Chinook

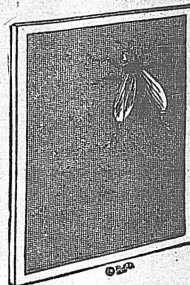
SCREEN DOOR

Time is Here Again

Screens for the windows and doors make life worth living
We've got them

Strong Morticed Doors from \$2.00 to \$4.50
Screen Windows
Screen Wire, all widths
Spring Hinges and Catches

Don't let the Flies get the Food the law refuses you to use



Flies spread disease, too

R. S. WOODRUFF

FOR SALE

Team good Driving Horse
1 Gray-Campbell Top Buggy (good as new)
1 set Double Driving Harness

Will sell separately or as an outfit

If you Want a Farm Loan
make application at once

G. T. OXLEY

Farm Lands and Ford Agent
Opposite Union Bank CHINOOK

Chinook Garage

Accessories, Tires, Separate Parts, &c.

All kinds of Repairs and Repairing

Sole agent for the following noted Autos:

Maxwell
Franklin
Cadillac

We have some New and Second-hand Cars to sell at Reasonable Prices. Free Air Service.

Work guaranteed. Give us a call.

C. R. BROWNELL, Prop.

W. W. ISBISTER

GENERAL BLACKSMITH

Coulters and Discs Sharpened
Chinook, Alta.

Horse-shoeing and General Wood Work Repairing.

CHEVROLET

The TRAIL BLAZER

to greater Motor Car Value

From the standpoint of dollar for dollar value, there's not a car made which offers more for your money than the famous Chevrolet Four-Ninety A.

Before the Chevrolet was made in Canada, good cars were all high in price.

But our mammoth production and manufacturing efficiency enables us to sell the Chevrolet Four-Ninety A at a price much lower than its value when compared with other makes of cars.

With the surplus power developed by the famous valve-in-head motor the owner of a Four-Ninety A lavishly is the "Trail Blazer."

Standard equipment includes speedometer, electric starting and lighting, ammeter, oil indicator light equipment, one non-top, demountable rims, non-skid tires on rear wheels and many features usually looked for in cars much higher in price.

THERE ARE CHEVROLET MODELS IN ROADSTER, TOURING AND SEDAN BODIES SEE THEM AT YOUR NEAREST DEALER

CHEVROLET MOTOR CO., of CANADA LIMITED
OSHAWA, ONTARIO

A. E. FITZGERALD
AGENT, CHINOOK